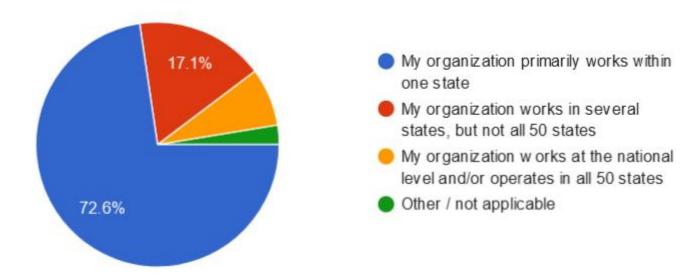
VFA 2023 Adoption Workforce Survey

Thursday, November 2, 2023

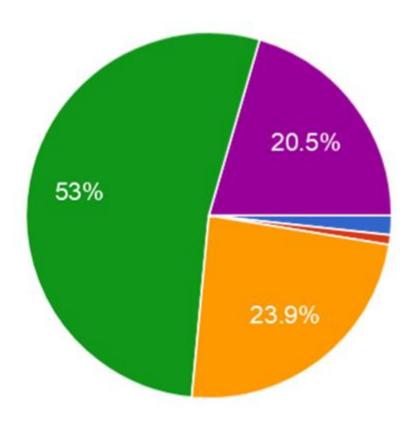
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VFA Adoption Workforce Survey

- Online survey of 117 organizational representatives from 34 states (representing 79% of American children in foster care) in Voice for Adoption's network. Survey respondents work for nonprofit organizations and state and local government agencies that work on adoption from foster care issues.
- Survey conducted September 20 October 27, 2023



Organizational Impact of Workforce Shortages



- I am not sure / not applicable
- Not a problem
- Minor problem affecting a few positions, but not substantially hindering organizational performance
- Major problem leading to high turnover and numerous vacancies
- Severe problem large enough that it affects overall organizational performance

Child Impact of Workforce Shortages

Question: What impact have workforce-related challenges had on adoptive families and adopted youth from foster care in your state or service area? (117 responses)

Fewer adoptions from foster care

Increased rate of failed adoptions, including return to the foster care system

At least one of the above 59.0%

39.3%

45.3%

Child Impact of Workforce Shortages

Question: What impact have workforce-related had on adoptive families and adopted youth from in your state or service area? (117 responses)	
Service delivery delays	82.1%
Reduced access to services	70.1%
Reduced quality of services	67.5%
Reduced trust among adoptive families and/or adopted youth	73.5%

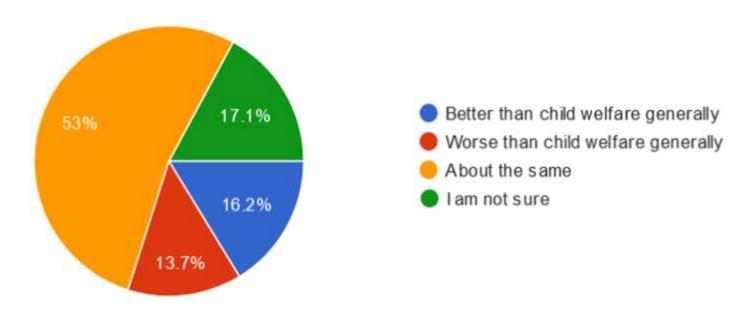
Digging Deeper: Where are Workforce Shortages?

	Average	Degree of Problem				
Service	Rating (0-3)	Severe	Major	Minor	None	<u>Unsure</u>
Post-adoption: Mental Health	2.33	<mark>46.2%</mark>	27.4%	6.0%	6.0%	14.5%
Post-adoption: Substance Use	1.97	<mark>24.8%</mark>	18.8%	12.8%	6.8%	36.8%
Post-adoption: Independent Living	1.93	<mark>23.1%</mark>	20.5%	12.0%	7.7%	36.8%
Parent Recruitment	1.79	21.4%	<mark>32.5%</mark>	29.9%	5.1%	11.1%
Post-adoption: Job Training	1.76	17.1%	<mark>19.7%</mark>	14.5%	8.5%	40.2%
Post-adoption: Education Related	1.74	17.1%	<mark>31.6%</mark>	24.8%	12.0%	14.5%
Post-adoption Services (general)	1.67	22.2%	26.5%	<mark>29.1%</mark>	11.1%	11.1%
Home Studies	1.65	19.7%	27.4%	<mark>37.6%</mark>	6.5%	8.5%
Post-adoption: Parent Support Group	s 1.63	17.1%	<mark>31.6%</mark>	24.8%	12.0%	14.5%
Post-adoption: Financial Assistance	1.55	15.4%	20.5%	<mark>23.1%</mark>	12.0%	29.1%
Pre-adoption Training	1.44	12.0%	29.9%	<mark>35.9%</mark>	13.7%	8.5%
Legal Assistance	1.26	9.4%	17.9%	<mark>19.7%</mark>	19.7%	33.3%

Adoption vs. Child Welfare Workforce Issues Generally?

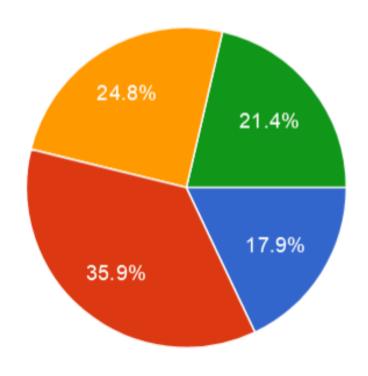
Are adoption from foster care workforce shortages for organizations in your state or service area better, worse, or about the same as for child welfare-focused organizations overall?

117 responses



Public vs. Private Sector Workforce Challenges?

How do adoption from foster care workforce challenges in public (government) agencies compare to private agencies in your state or service area?



- Private sector w orkforce challenges are greater than public (government) agency challenges
- Public sector (government) w orkforce challenges are greater
- They are about the same
- I am not sure

Causes

	Average	Impact of Cause					
Cause	Rating (0-4)	Largest	Large	Medium	Small	None	<u>Unsure</u>
High workloads / caseloads	3.28	<mark>48.7%</mark>	31.6%	12.0%	3.4%	0.5%	3.4%
Lower pay and/or benefits (competit	ors) 3.11	41.9%	30.8%	19.7%	3.4%	1.7%	2.8%
High paperwork and admin. burdens	2.96	25.6%	<mark>46.3%</mark>	23.9%	2.6%	0.0%	0.9%
Trauma and/or emotional stress	2.86	42.6%	<mark>32.5%</mark>	17.9%	12.0%	0.9%	5.1%
Low job satisfaction	2.58	22.2%	<mark>29.8%</mark>	24.8%	12.0%	4.3%	6.8%
Competition from other organization	s 2.53	23.9%	<mark>28.2%</mark>	18.8%	15.4%	6.0%	7.7%
Inadequate training	2.25	8.5%	27.4%	<mark>39.3%</mark>	17.1%	1.7%	6.0%
Retirements	2.18	9.4%	23.9%	<mark>24.8%</mark>	21.4%	3.4%	17.1%
Low supervisor support	2.04	6.8%	18.8%	<mark>41.0%</mark>	22.2%	3.4%	7.7%
Fewer graduates with appropriate de	egrees 1.87	3.4%	17.1%	<mark>29.9%</mark>	20.5%	6.8%	22.2%
Hazardous work conditions	1.56	6.0%	14.5%	20.5%	<mark>31.6%</mark>	17.1%	10.3%
Possible criminal or civil legal jeopard	dy 1.27	0.9%	9.4%	17.9%	<mark>36.8%</mark>	17.1%	17.9%

What are Some Solutions?

	Average	Effecti				
Solution	<u> Rating (1-4)</u>	<u>Highest</u>	High	Medium	Low	Unsure
Higher pay and benefits	3.62	<mark>65.0%</mark>	29.1%	4.3%	0.0%	1.7%
Caseload reduction / prioritization	3.19	<mark>38.5%</mark>	38.5%	19.7%	0.0%	3.4%
Reduced paperwork / administrative	ve work 3.12	35.0%	<mark>41.9%</mark>	19.7%	1.7%	1.7%
Student loan forgiveness or assista	nce 3.09	35.0%	<mark>39.3%</mark>	14.5%	6.0%	5.1%
Increased / improved training	2.98	<mark>34.2%</mark>	32.5%	23.9%	6.0%	3.4%
Recruitment bonuses (\$)	2.88	27.4%	32.5%	<mark>34.2%</mark>	2.6%	3.4%
Better onboarding of new staff	2.79	23.9%	<mark>34.2%</mark>	26.5%	8.5%	6.8%
Greater work flexibility (hours)	2.74	19.7%	<mark>41.9%</mark>	25.6%	9.4%	3.4%
More aggressive minority recruitm	ent 2.71	20.5%	<mark>35.9%</mark>	25.6%	11.1%	6.8%
More efficient use of existing staff	2.67	22.2%	<mark>44.3%</mark>	28.2%	12.8%	3.4%
Greater use of remote telework	2.60	22.2%	<mark>32.5%</mark>	21.4%	19.7%	4.3%
Better use of technology	2.59	14.5%	<mark>41.0%</mark>	25.6%	13.7%	5.1%

What are Some Solutions?

	Average		Effectiveness of Solution			
Solution	<u>Rating (1-4)</u>	<u>Highest</u>	High	Medium	Low	<u>Unsure</u>
More aggressive graduate recruitmen	t 2.55	14.5%	<mark>36.8%</mark>	31.6%	12.8%	4.3%
Revised worker qualifications	2.30	13.7%	23.1%	<mark>35.0%</mark>	22.1%	6.0%
Revised hiring processes	2.26	10.0%	21.4%	<mark>36.8%</mark>	18.8%	12.8%